English Now!

Listening and Speaking in Everyday Life



- ENJOY learning!
 - EMPLOY new language!
 - EMPOWER your English!







CONTENTS MAP

UNIT	FUNCTION	VOCABULARY
Talking About the Past	 Recalling past experiences Discussing weekends and vacations Discussing historical figures 	 Past time expressions Vacation activities Vocations
Talking About Likes and Dislikes	 Expressing your opinions about things Asking about other people's opinions 	 Food School subjects Movie genres Clothing and styles
Talking About Future Plans	 Making plans with friends Talking about your future career/ambitions Planning a trip/vacation 	 Long-term plans Countries/continents Gifts Events and venues Future time expressions
Making Comparisons	 Comparing people and things Using comparisons to give advice Boasting and using superlatives 	 Adjectives Comparative adjectives Superlative adjectives
Talking About People You Know	 Explaining how you know someone Finding out and spreading new information Talking about someone's attributes 	 Interpersonal relationships Personal news Crimes Accidents Getting fired More adjectives
page_48 6 Shopping	 Finding your desired item Haggling over price Steps for paying at the checkout Solving problems with your purchase 	 At the supermarket Goods, clothes, and miscellaneous items Payment methods
page_ 56 7 Emergencies	 Calling the emergency services Asking for medical assistance 	 Medical emergencies The emergency services First-aid techniques
page_ 66 R Talking on the Phone	 Answering a formal call Introducing yourself on the phone Explaining your reasons for calling Ending a phone conversation 	 Ways of dealing with a call Reasons for calling Problems on the line

LISTENING	GRAMMAR	SPEAKING	PRONUNCIATION
 Guessing the identity of historical figures Listening to people describe their weekend Listening to people's childhood memories and experiences 	 Simple past tense: regular and irregular verbs 	 Describing your vacation Asking and answering questions about historical figures Explaining why you weren't at home 	 Verbs ending with "ed": [t] [d] [rd]
 Listening to people's likes and dislikes Identifying people's preferences Identifying people's favorite and most hated things 	The difference between "like" and "enjoy"	 Talking about food and clothes Asking about your partner's favorite things Comparing your likes and dislikes with the class 	 Fricative consonants: [f] [v]; [s] [z]
 Listening to people's future plans Filling in a monthly planner Listening to friends discussing what gifts to buy 	 Simple future tense (will, be going to) 	 Talking about holiday plans Inviting someone to an event Asking and answering questions about the future 	 Fricative consonants: [θ] [ð]; [ʃ] [ʒ]; [h]
 Making comparisons in normal conversation Comparing people Making decisions based on comparing two things 	 Forming comparative and superlative sentences 	 Comparing countries Selling something by making comparisons Boasting about your abilities/appearance 	 Stop consonants: [p] [b]; [t] [d]
 Identifying interpersonal relationships Identifying the ways people talk about each other Describing a friend 	 Adverbs and adjectives 	 Recommending a friend Talking about mutual friends Describing a mutual friend Gossiping about a mutual friend 	 Consonants: [k] [9]; [t∫] [dʒ]
 Problems at the supermarket Looking and paying for desired goods Discussing the price 	 Conjunctions (and, but, or, so, for, yet, nor) 	 Finding your desired item Asking for alternatives Haggling 	Nasal consonants: [m] [n] [ŋ]
 Listening to emergency calls Identifying different kinds of emergencies Reacting to different emergencies 	 Sensory verbs and linking verbs 	 Reporting an emergency Giving relevant information to the emergency services Reacting to different emergencies in different ways 	 Lateral and gliding consonants: [1] [j] [w] [r]
 Identifying who's calling Identifying why they're calling Identifying important information given over the phone 	Infinitives and gerunds	 Responding to typical situations on the phone Talking on the phone with different kinds of people 	Vowels (long vs. short vowels): [i] [ɪ]

CONTENTS MAP

UNIT		FUNCTION	VOCABULARY
page_ 74 9 Asking for a Favor	· Plant	Asking for favors from friends and strangers Getting permission to do something Requesting something extra	 Common favors Various degrees of "more" More food vocabulary
page_ 82 10 Health Situations		Expressing and describing illness Finding a solution for your illness Calling in sick for work	 Common illnesses and symptoms Common treatments
Talking About Sports, Talents, and Habits		Telling people about your sporting abilities and other talents Talking about regular activities and routines Admitting bad habits	 Sporting verbs Talents Party tricks Bad habits Frequency adverbs
page_ 98 12 Find Finding an Apartment	HOMESON LITTLE AMERICAN SERVICE SERVIC	Calling to rent an apartment Finding out if the apartment is suitable Getting along with your roommates	 Apartment features Rooms House rules
page_ 106 13 Talking About Traffic and Transportation		Calling a cab and discussing the fare Buying tickets for public transport Finding out travel information	 Forms of transportation Ticket types At the station
page_ 114 14 Jobs and Workplaces		Talking about your job Talking about the positive and negative aspects of your work Discussing your salary and work hours Talking about leaving your job and why	 Workplaces Work benefits and conditions Professions Reasons for liking/disliking your job
page_ 122 15 Travel Experiences		Talking about your experiences, activities, and accommodation Expressing how you felt about a place	 Countries Landmarks Holiday activities Markets, festivals, and celebrations Accommodation More adjectives
page_ 132 16 At the Airport		Checking in Boarding the plane Getting through immigration	 At the airport Kinds of luggage Reasons for traveling

LISTENING	GRAMMAR	SPEAKING	PRONUNCIATION
 Asking for a favor Deciding whether someone's willing or unwilling to help 	 Modal auxiliary verbs 	 Making and answering requests Asking for more of something 	• Vowels: [e] [ε]
 Identifying illnesses from symptoms Describing your illness to a doctor or boss Matching illnesses to suitable treatments 	 Auxiliary verbs (do, does, did) 	 Telling a doctor about your illness Calling in sick for work Asking for and giving advice on how to get well 	• Vowels: [æ] [a]
 Talking about sporting habits Talking about hidden talents Identifying how often people perform bad habits 	 Indefinite pronouns (one, both, some, most, allof) 	 Telling someone about your sporting ability and routine Talking about your hidden talents Reporting someone's bad habits 	• Vowels: [0] [၁]
 Making notes on apartment features Deciding which apartment is most suitable Identifying problems with your roommate's behavior and making house rules 	 Indefinite pronouns (many, much, a few, a littleof) 	 Asking and answering questions about an apartment Making house rules that suit both parties 	Vowels (long vs. short vowels): [u] [v]
 Ordering and paying for a taxi Buying a train ticket Using travel information to solve problems 	 Active and passive voice (with modal auxiliary verbs) 	 Ordering and paying for a taxi Buying different kinds of tickets at the station 	 Vowels (stressed vs. unstressed vowels): [A] [a]
 Describing work hours, salary, and benefits Identifying people by their job description Filling in a form from a recruitment agency 	Question tags	 Asking and answering questions about your job Expressing what you like and dislike about your work Suggesting a suitable job based on recruitment questions 	Vowels (stressed vs. unstressed vowels): [3] [9]
 Visiting sights and trying new food Describing different travel experiences Listening to someone describing their entire trip 	 Special verbs (stop, try, remember, forget) 	 Describing the different aspects of a holiday destination Talking about what you did/experienced Talking about the accommodation during your trip 	Diphthongs: [aɪ] [aʊ] [ɔɪ]
 Checking in and reserving a seat Identifying information on your boarding pass Listening to boarding announcements 	Tooto; sothat	 Checking in Asking and answering questions at immigration 	Introduction to intonation

Introduction

What is English Now?

English Now! is a listening and speaking book designed to introduce students to the basics of English conversation. The exercises in this book have been created to help students gain confidence and understanding in the aspects of English that are crucial for interacting with native speakers.

How will English Now! develop your English?

- English Now! makes sure that you will feel comfortable interacting with native speakers on a day-to-day basis by using real-life situations and scenarios.
- Tons of useful new vocabulary is made easy to learn with vivid, illustrative pictures.
- Grammar is presented clearly and simply, with plenty of examples.
- Lots of spoken grammar practice means that you will learn to convey information accurately and avoid misunderstandings in real-life conversations.
- Tasks which require listening for main ideas as well as supporting details and other specific information will develop your ability to understand not only the bare bones of a conversation but the broader, contextual meanings as well.
- Exercises that require listening for key phrases and textual details will build your knowledge of English and trigger further language development.
- You will become adept at using the language acquired in the vocabulary, listening, and grammar sections by participating in topicrelated speaking exercises.

- The easy-to-follow models and supportive speech frameworks will allow you to speak creatively without feeling pressured.
- You will gain plenty of experience speaking to others through the book's many paired activities and group-work exercises.
- Plentiful pictures and suggested topics make sure that there will never be a shortage of things to talk about.
- The thorough phonic section will familiarize you with the basic sounds of English, give you plenty of opportunities to practice different sounds, and get you sounding more like a native speaker.

How is English Now! organized?

- English Now! has 16 units.
- Each unit is divided into 6 parts.

Each unit consists of:

- Topic Preview introduces you to the topic via short sample dialogues.
- II. Vocabulary and Phrases provides you with the tools you need to listen and speak effectively.
- III. Now, Time to Listen! develops your listening skills with a variety of dialogues, monologues, and listening exercises.
- IV. Now, Grammar Time! formally introduces the grammar encountered in parts I, II, and III and gives you a chance to practice it.
- V. Now, Time to Speak! provides speaking activities for both groups and pairs based on the unit topic.
- VI.Now, Time to Pronounce! introduces several sounds and offers exercises to help you produce and recognize them.

How to teach English Now!

- Start each unit with the Topic Preview. Model and practice the dialogues and familiarize students with the situations. Use this section to generate ideas about the topic and assess any areas of potential difficulty.
- Introduce the new vocabulary for the unit.
 Then look at the Sentence Patterns section.
 Have students use the new vocabulary in these
 sentence patterns. This will familiarize students
 with the new vocabulary items and the types of
 sentences in which they can be used.
- Before you begin each listening exercise, ask your students to predict what kind of vocabulary and phrases they're likely to hear. This will give them an idea of what they should be listening for.
- After finishing the listening component, encourage your students to listen to one (or more) of the dialogues again very carefully. Tell them to remember as much of it as they can, and then have them practice it with a partner. This will give them good practice for the speaking section and help them to remember common sentence structures and conversation patterns.
- Having encountered the grammar in the listening section, students should already have some idea of how to use the grammatical structures introduced in the unit. Have them read the sample sentences and try to come up with their own examples. Remember to check for understanding often by asking them relevant questions.

- Many of the grammar exercises are speaking exercises to be done in pairs. In order to encourage speaking, don't correct the students as they speak. Rather, if you hear a mistake being made, note it down and stop the exercise after a few minutes. Go over the mistakes as a class, correcting any misunderstandings. Then begin the exercise again, making sure they are using the grammar correctly this time.
- The speaking section of these books attempts to make speaking as stress free as possible by providing plenty of structure and support for the students. If you feel they are ready for freer practice, encourage them to create their own dialogues based on the situations in the Topic Preview or any of the numerous pictures in the book.
- During the phonic section, allow the students to first listen to the sounds as spoken on the CD.
 Then listen a second time and repeat the words after the speaker. When you feel they're ready, test the students individually.
- Encourage the students to pronounce words as naturally as possible and not to put any undue emphasis or stress on a particular sound.



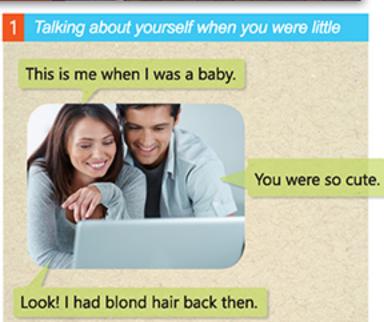
UNIT

Talking About the Past















Vocabulary & Phrases





writer



actor



leader/politician



musician



philosopher



queen



athlete



soldier/warrior



artist



scientist



go bungee jumping



go sightseeing



sunbathe



go diving



buy souvenirs



Some expressions that you can use when talking about the past:

- I stayed at home and watched TV <u>yesterday/last night/last week</u>.
- I went to Malaysia last summer/two weeks ago/five years ago/ten years ago.
- He lived over 100 years ago/2,000 years ago.
- I learned how to swim when I was four/seven/ten.
- I graduated in 2007/1975.

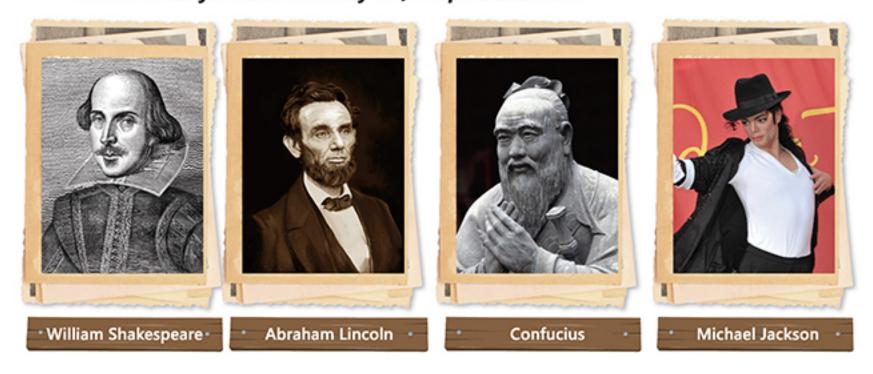






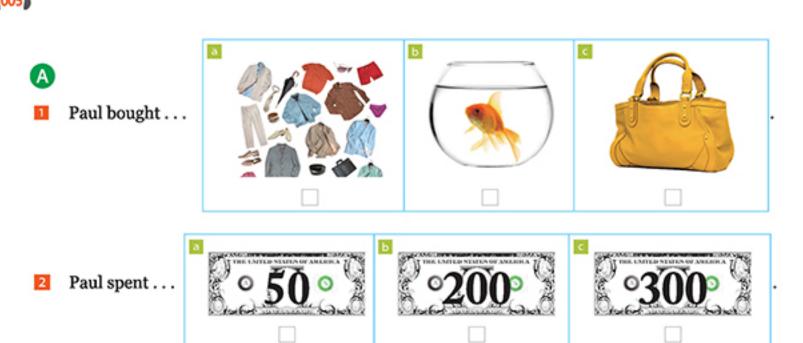
Now, Time to Listen!

Look at the four famous people below. Do you know who they are? If not, ask your teacher. When you know who they are, complete Exercise 1.



Peter and Janet are playing a guessing game. Listen to their conversation and guess the person they're describing. Write the person's name in the space given.







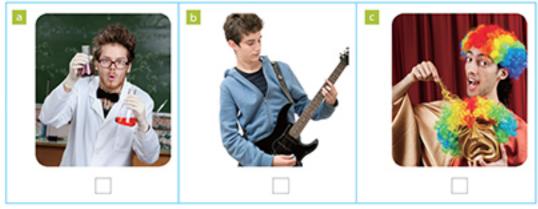




On Saturday, Angela went to a . . .



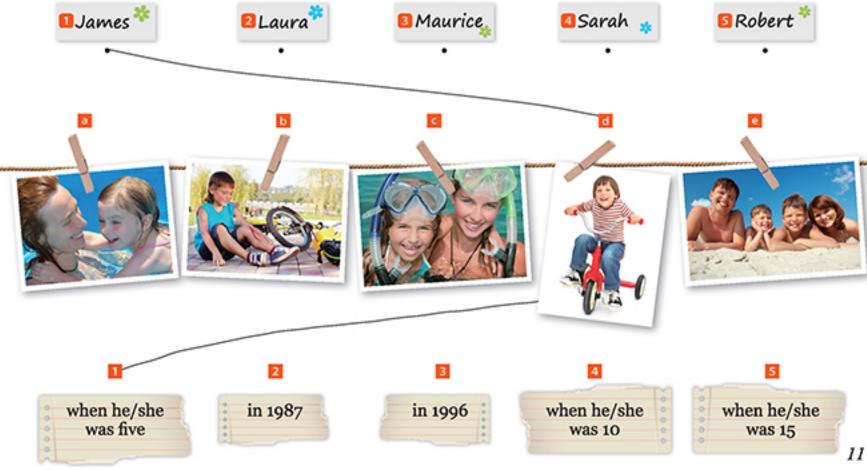
Angela met Dan, who is a/an . . .



Angela and Dan did NOT talk about . . .



3 Listen to the following people talk about their childhoods. Then match the names to the correct pictures and time expressions. The first one has been done for you.



Now, Grammar Time!

The Simple Past Tense
Regular and Irregular Verbs

ular and Irregular	"Be"	Regular Verbs	Irregular Verbs
Affirmative Statements	I was thin when I was a child. You were a very happy baby.	I watched TV last night.	I went sightseeing in Paris last year. (go)
Negative Statements	She wasn't a musician. (She was a writer.)	He didn't study English at school.	He didn't read any books last month.
Yes/No Questions	Was it sunny in England last week? Yes, it was. / No, it wasn't.	Did it rain last Monday? Yes, it did. / No, it didn't.	Did we beat the Korean basketball team? Yes, we did. / No, we didn't.
WH-Questions	Why were they late to the party? They missed the bus.	When did they arrive at the restaurant? They arrived at 7 o'clock.	Who did you speak to on the phone last night? I spoke to Jim.

Write the simple past forms of the following regular and irregular verbs. You may need to check a dictionary for the correct spellings.



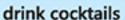
Regular Verbs				

1 jump				
2 clean				
3 hike				
4 sunbathe				
5 visit				
6 rest				

Irregular Verbs		
1 buy	****	
2 go		
3 drink		
4 see		
5 meet		
6 swim		

Sook at Drew and Lena's holiday photos. Write what they did on each day. You can use some of the verbs from Exercise 4 to help you. The first sentence has been completed for you.







go hiking



go diving in the ocean



go shopping

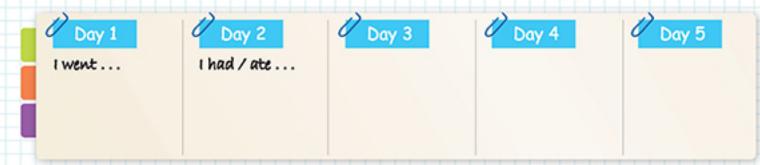


rest on the beach

- On day one, Lena and Drew drank cocktails.
- 2 On day two, ______.
- On day three, _______.
- On day four, _______.

Now, Time to Speak!

6 Pair work! Imagine you went on an amazing vacation last summer. Write what you did each day in the chart. Then tell your classmate about what you did.



Choose a famous person from history who you know something about. Your classmate must try to guess who he/she is in fewer than 10 questions. Use WH-QUESTIONS and YES/NO QUESTIONS.

First, listen and practice the dialogue as an example.

- OK. I'm ready. Α
- В First question: Was this person a man?
- Yes, he was.
- Did he play sports?
- No, he didn't.
- OK. What did he do?
- He was an artist, but he also invented many things.
- В Hmm. Did he come from Italy?
- Yes, he did.
- Did he paint the Mona Lisa?
- Α Yes, he did.
- Is it Leonardo da Vinci? В
- Yes, it is!





8 Listen to the dialogue and practice it with your partner.



Mike Where did you go last night?

Tina I went to a friend's birthday party. Why?

Mike I called your house, but you weren't home. Was it fun?

Tina Yes, it was great. Did you do anything exciting last night? Not really. I just made dinner and read a book.



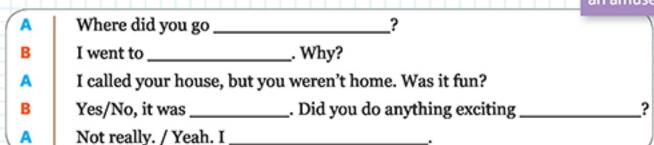
Mike

Now, role-play with your classmate.





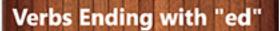
an amusement parl





a movie



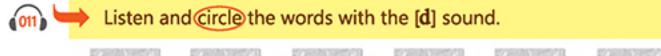




Q Listen and repeat these past tense verbs.







1 allowed 2 washed 3 begged 4 buried 5 jumped 6 cooked



1 braked 2 beamed 3 chewed 4 confused 5 watched 6 forced

10 Some past tense verbs have an extra syllable. This is pronounced [1d]. Listen and repeat.





Listen to the words. Then write the correct phonetic symbol—[t], [d], or [td]—
underneath each word.



attached [t]	■ managed ————	■ amended ————	□ licked	■ killed
ended	amused	argued	■ added ————	missed

UNIT

Talking About Likes and Dislikes



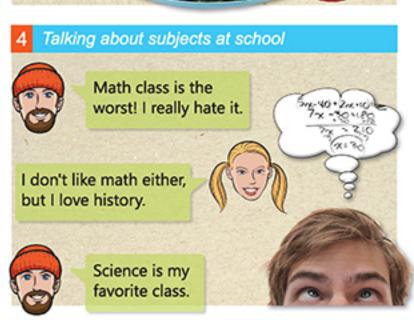
















Do you like horror movies?



No. Horror movies are the worst!



